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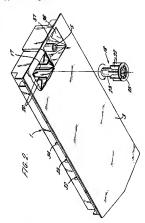
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(64) Cartridge and method for the preparation of whipped beverages.

(37) A cartridge (1) containing one or more beverage ingredients and being formed from substantially air and water-impermeable materials, the said cartridge comprising an inlet (4) for the introduction of an aqueous medium into the cartridge, a compartment (9) containing the beverage ingredients of (a), an outlet (5) for the beverage produced from the beverage ingredients and whipping means (18) provided in the path of the beverage prior to the outlet (5) to whip the said observage.



The present invention relates to a cartridge and method for the preparation of whipped beverages and, in particular, to sealed cartridges which are formed from substantially air- and water-impermeable materials and which contain one or more lingredients for the preparation of beverages and to a method of preparing whipped beverages from such cartridges.

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It has previously been proposed to seal beverage preparation Ingredlents in individual air-impermeable packages. For example, cartridges or capsules containing compacted ground orfice are known for use in location orfice meaking machines which are generally termed "espresso" machines. In the production of order using these orfice machines the coffee cartridge is placed in a brewing chamber and hot water is generally caused to peas under pressure through the cartridge, thereby extracting the aromatic coffee constituents from the ground coffee and producing a coffee beverage. Typically in the production of "espresso" coffee a brewing time of about 25 seconds is used at a oreasure of about £ x 10°P.

Cartridges containing roast and ground coffee in which hot water flows under gravimetric force through the cartridge are also known. A cartridge of this general type is described in British Patent No. 1397116.

In our EP-A-0272922 there is described a package which contains at least one beverage preparation lagradient, e.g. roast and ground coffee. In a proferred embodiment the package is formed from a substantially air- and water-impermeable material and comprises a sesied body portion having a compariment containing the beverage ingredient and en outlet channel, the compartment and the outlet channel co-operating in such a manner that, in use, the beverage is filtered, thereby avoiding the necessity for an external filter.

There is also described in EP-A-0272822 a methold for preparing a beverage which comprises positioning the beverage containing package at a brewing station, introducing water through water introduction means into the package, allowing the water to commingle with the beverage ingredient, and collecting the beverage so-formed through an outlet formed in the package.

The beverage packages as described in EP-A-DZ79922 are primarily intended to be used with beerage preparation machine which handles the packages automatically or semi-automatically. A machine of this type is described in our IEP-A-0394672. The packages may contain rosst and ground coffee, leaf tea or one or more powdered beverage preparation ingradients such as powdered chocolate, powdered coffee or powdered soup.

The machines described in EP-A-0272922 operate at a relatively low pressure of less than 2 x 10⁸ Pa and thus, although by varying the amount of water introduced into packages containing reast and ground

coffee it is possible to obain a coffee beverage of the same strength as "espresso" coffee, it is not possible to incorporate gases into the coffee beverage at this pressure to provide the beverage with the foamed texture and appearance of "espressos" coffee.

We have now developed a cartridge operating at relatively low pressures which is capable of producing whipped beverages.

Accordingly, the present invention provides a cartridge containing one or more beverage ingredients and being formed from substantially air- and waterimpermeable materials, the said cartridge comprising an inlet for the introduction of an aqueous medium into the cartridge, a compartment containing the beverage ingredient or ingredients, an outlet for the beverage ingredient from the beverage ingredients and whipping means provided in the path of the beverage prior to the outlet to whip the said beverage.

The cartridge which is used in the present invention may be of a known type, for example as described in EP-A-0272922 or EP-A-0455337, modified to include whipping means provided in the path of the beverage prior to the outlet.

The whilping means will generally comprise an Impelier which is adapted to engage an external driving device on the beverage preparation machine, for example a machine of the type as described in EP-A-0334573. The impelier may comprise a rotor with a plurality of radial vanes, for example from 4 to 8 radial vanes. The vanes may be regularly or Irregularly spaced, flator curied, or offset, as desired. Preferably the rotor is provided with a hollow drive shaft which is adapted for engagement with the external driving device. The rotor may be made from a moulded pleatin (Registered Trade Mark) from DuPont, or polyester, or from whon.

Preferably the impeller is positioned in a whipping chamber integrally formed within the cartridge, the beverage being diverted through this chamber before passing to the cutlet. The whipping chamber is preferably provided with a plurality of fixed vanes or into formed integrally with the walls thereof. The whipping chamber is preferably also provided with means to position the impeller therein, for example, a cylindrical hole into which a drive shaft on the impeller is adapted to fit.

The cartridge of the present invention preferably has a body portion which may be formed, for example, from a moulded plastics material such as polypropy-lene. The latel and/or cutted for the cartridge may be closed by a plug of a plastics material moudded into the inlet and/or outlet nozel during the moudding of the body portion. Alternatively, the liniet and/or outlet may be covered by a substantially air- and water-impermeable metarial, for example eluminium foll or a laminated material, such as a laminate of plastic ma-ferial/ motal folliplastic material, prior to the opening

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of the inlet and/or outlet. Specific examples of materials which may be used are aluminium foll having a thickness in the range of from 30 to 60 micrometres coated with a layer of polypropylene or a laminate of polypropylene/aluminium foll/polyester.

The outlet in the cartridge may be prepared during the beverage preparation cycle using a cutting and piercing tool for example of the type as described in our EP-A-0334573.

Alternatively, the inlet and/or outlet may be open and the cartridge provided with an outer wrapping or the like. For example, a plurality of packages may be provided with a shrink wrapped outer laver.

In the cartridges of the present invention, the communication between the intel and the compartment containing the beverage preparation ingredient(s) is preferably as channel which is separated from the compartment by a wall which has a purality of openings formed therein for the entry of a liquid medium into the compartment. The channel proferably extends along at least one side of the compartment. The openings in the wall are preferably in the form of elongate slots which are generally arranged in a manner such that an even distribution of the liquid medium through the beverage preparation ingredient is a knelwed.

The cartridge of the present invention may have a filter disposed between the compartment containing the beverage legradient(s) and a least a part of the under surface of the top of the cartridge, one or more passages being formed between the filter and the top of the cartridge, the passages communicating with the outlet. This type of cartridge is particularly preferred when the beverage ingredient is roast and ground coffee.

The filter is preferably made from a material with a high west strength, for example a non-woven polyester fibre material or polypropylene. Other materials which may be used include a water-permable rouliculosis material, such as a cellulosic material comprising woven paper fibres. The woven paper fibres may be admixed with fibres of polypropylene, polyvinyl-chicride and/or polypropylene. The incorporation of these plastics materials into the cellulosic material renders to the cellulosic material renders the cellulosic material renders

The beverage preparation ingredients contained in the cartridges of the invention are preferably roast and ground coffee, powdered chocolate, and according to individual taste, powdered milk or creamer, sugar or artificial sweetner.

It will be understood that it may be convenient for the compartment containing the beverage preparation ingredients to be separated into two or more sections, for example, one section containing roast and ground coffee and another section containing powdered milk or creamer. In such an arrangement the means for the entry of the liquid medium into the separate compartments would be varied to sult the requirements for filtration or dissolution of the particular ingredients.

iar ingreoients. The cartridge of the present invention, when filled with roast and ground coffee, preferably contains from 2.6 to 10 grams of roast and ground coffee, preferably from 4.5 to 7 grams for the preparation of a single oup. However, cartridges which are intended to provide multiple servings or Grifee will contain an appropriate amount of roast and ground coffee, for example, packages intended to provide say five conditions of contain from 20 to 50 grams of roast and ground coffee, preferably from 25 to 30 grams. The ground coffee, preferably from 25 to 30 grams. The ground coffee, preferably from 25 to 30 grams. The from 25 to 30 grams. The ground coffee, preferably from 25 to 30 grams. The from 25 to 30 grams. The ground coffee is generally compacted when the beverage package is filled in order to aid the distribution and transport of water through the package.

The cartridges of the present invention are preferably provided with at least one recognition means whereby, in use, the cartridge is identified by the machine into which it is placed for treatment and the identification of the cartridge thereby causes it to be subjected to the correct treatment steps including the introduction of the acqueous medium into the cartridge and the activation of the whipping means.

The recognition means may comprise one or more surface features formed in the body of the cartridge. For example, the cartridge body may be provided with one or more indents, cut outs, profusions or holes which can be identified by a mechanical sensor in the beverage preparation machine, the machanical sensor registering the presence or absence of the indents, cut outs, profusions or holes.

The recognition means may, alternatively, comprise a system which can be sensed by a simple oplical device, for example a ber code printed onto the body of the carridge, a patienr of through holes in the carridge, a patienr of contrasting tones or containing different comestible belien of different colours.

The recognition means may also comprise on so more strips of a magnetic material applied to the body of the cartridge which can be read by an appropriate magnetic sensor, one or more shaped or divided areas of metal foll applied to the cartridge body which cause an inductive effect on movement of the cartridge in the machine, which inductive effect can be sensed; or one or more electrically conductive areas formed on the body of the cartridge which can be sensed electrically.

As mentioned above, the cartridge of the present invention contains one or more beverage preparation ingredients, for example, roast and ground coffee or leaf tea and sugar and/or creamer, as desired, One

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machine which can readily be adapted for the properation of a beverage from the preferred cartridge of the invention which includes a recognition means is described in our EP-A-0334573. The only modification required to be made to such a beverage preparation machine is to incorporate an appropriate sensor or sensors into it, the sensor or sensors being designed to read the particular coding on the cartridge and to send a signal to the controller, which than selects the appropriate beverage preparation cycle and activates the whipiping means.

The sensor may be, for example, a mechanical sensor, an optical sensor, a magnetic sensor, an electrical sensor or an inductive sensor. The machine is preferably adapted so that the cartridge is handled automatically following its insertion into the machine.

The present invention also includes within its scope a method for the production of a whitpped beverage from a cartridge containing one or more beverage ingredients, which method comprises introducing an aqueous medium into the cartridge, extracting constituents from the beverage ingredient(s) and/or dissolving the beverage ingredient(s) to form a beverage, whitpping the beverage so produced and collecting the writpped beverage as it leaves the cartridge.

The whipping of the beverage, for example by means of an impoller, will generally incorporate air into the beverage to produce a fearny, frothy beverage. Beverages which can be produced in this manner are, for example, whipped chocolate and espress-type offsee. Preferably the whipping of the beverage to incorporate air herein will result in from 5 to 30 percent by volume of air being incorporated into the beverage as bubble shaving a bubble size preferably of below 300 micrometres, more preferably in the range of from 10 to 200 micrometres. Generally, whipped chocolate will incorporate a higher percentage of air by volume therein than whipped coffee.

Alternatively, the whipping of the beverage may be used to produce carbonated drinks. For example, the aqueous medium introduced into the cartridge may be carbonated water. On contact with power designed in the carbonated water will generally loose some of the carbon dioxide incorporated threatin. The whipping of the beverage reintroduces into the beverage at least some of the carbon dioxide which has been lost from solution during the passage of the carbonade water through the cartridge. Alternatively, carbon dioxide may be introduced into the cartridge before the beverage is whipped, for example by direct passage into the chamber which contains the whipping means.

The present invention will be further described with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:-

Figure 1 is a perspective view from above of a

beverage cartridge of the invention;

Figure 2 is a perspective view from below of the beverage cartridge of Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a section through the beverage cartridge of Figure 1 along the lines III-III;

Figure 4 is a section through the beverage cartridge 1 along the line IV-IV;

Figure 5 illustrates one variant of an external driving mechanism:

Figure 6 illustrates another variant of an external driving mechanism;

Figure 7 lilustrates a part of the driving mechanism of Figure 6 on a larger scale; and

Figure 8 illustrates a rotor of the beverage cartridge with which the driving mechanism engag-

Referring to the drawings, a cartridge of the present invention is shown generally 4.1 The cartridge is mainly formed from a mouded plastics material and has a top 2 which may be decorated to identify the contents of the capsule, or which may have foil or peper laminated thereto with appropriate identification thereon. The bottom 3 of the capsule may be formed from an aluminum foil or a laminated foil.

The cartridge 1 has an Inlet 4 and an outlet 5 which are formed in use of the cartridge by piercing or cutting the material covering the inlet and outlet openings.

As best shown in Figure 4, water enters the cartridge 1 via inlet 4 where it enters channel 6 formed along the edges of the package and communicates via slots 7 with the beverage Ingredients 8 which are contained in a compartment within the cartridge. The water mixes with the beverage preparation ingredients contained within compartment 9 and is forced upwardly through the beverage preparation ingredients. The beverage formed by passage of water through the beverage preparation ingredients passes through filter material 10 into a plurality of passages which are formed between ribs 12 onto which the filter paper is sealed. The sealing of the filter material onto ribs 12 prevents any short circuit and all of the beverage has to pass through the filter. The passages 11 are closed at the end remote from the outlet by transverse rlb 13. The beverage collected via passages 11 is funneled in area 14 in the direction as shown by the arrows and passes through inlets 15 and 16 to a whipping chamber 17 in which a rotor 18 is disposed.

The whipping chamber 17 has a plurality of fixed vanes 20 provided therein, as best shown in Figure 2. The whipper chamber 17 is provided with a hole 21 into which rotor 18 is adapted to fit. The rotor 18 is provided with a plurality of vanes 22 positioned around the central hollow drive shaft 23. The hollow drive shaft 23. The hollow drive shaft 23 has ribs 24 which are adapted for engagement with an external driving device. The rotor has an annular ring 25 fixed to the bottom of the vanes 22 which, in use, is lubricated by the beverage and the

film of liquid between the annular ring and the bottom surface 3 of the cartridge 1 acts as a bearing. The film of liquid assists in pushing the rotor upwards and assists in cooling the under surface of the ring 25.

The drive shaft 23 of rotor 18 engages by means of ribs 24, an external driving mechanism which causes the rotor to rotate at very high speeds, for example at a speed of from 10,000 to 20,000 rpm. Air is drawn into the whipping chamber by a passage through the space provided between the edges of the hole 21 and the drive shaft 23. The rotor 18 rotates freely in the whipping chamber 17 and the high speed of the rotor causes considerable turbulence with the passage of the rotor vanes 22 close to the fixed vanes 20 in whipping chamber 17. The rotation of the rotor 18 in whipping chamber 17 causes a centrifugal/centripetal effect on the beverage which causes a negative pressure in the area of the base of the shaft 23 of the rotor 18 which draws air into the whipping chamber 17. This has two benefits, namely it obviates the need for a seal on the shaft 23 and provides the air to incorporate into the beverage in the form of bubbles. The whipped beverage then exits from the whipping chamber 17 in the direction as shown by the arrows in Figure 3 to the outlet 5 from the capsule.

The cartridge as described with reference to Figures 1 to 4 is suitable for insertion into a beverage preparation machine, for example of the type as described in EP-A-0334573 longitudinally through a slot.

The cartridge is also provided, as best shown in Figure 1 with teeth 30 moulded along one side edge of the cartridge. The teeth 30 have recessess 31 formed therebetween. The teeth 30 are intended to enable the cartridge to be driven through a beverage preparation machine by the engagement of the teeth 30 with the tooth (not shown) of a cam 35 as shown in Figure 5.

The side edge of cartridge 1 opposite to the edge provided with teeth 30 has a pjurality of pegs 32, 33 and 34 provided thereon. As the package is driven into the machine by the engagement of teeth 30 with cam 35, the presence or absence of the upstanding pegs 32, 33, 34 is sensed by a sensing arm (not shown), if one or more of pegs 32, 33, 34 is not present the sensing arm will thereby identify a different type of cartridge. The sensing arm operates a switch (not shown) which thereby transmits information concerning the presence or absence of the pegs on the package to the control mechanism for the beverage dispensing machine. The arrangement of pegs 32, 33, 34 on the cartridge thus identifies the type of cartridge to a controller which then selects the appropriate beverage preparation conditions.

When the beverage preparation machine has selected the appropriate beverage preparation conditions, the water inlet 4 of the package is pierced or cut, the outlet 5 in the package is uncovered and the foil 36 originally covering the outlet folded back into an outlet surround chamber 37. Water is caused to find under pressure through the compartment containing the beverage ingredients and, after whippling, the chosen beverage is then collected in a cup or receptacle placed below the outlet 5 of the package.

The rotor 18 of the cartridge is driven by an external drive mechanism, one variant of which is shown in Figure 5. The external drive mechanism shown in Figure 5. The external drive mechanism shown in Figure 5 comprises a drive wire 40 with a shaped end 41. The drive wire 40 is mounted through a sliding drive 42 and a bearing bush 43. The drive wire 40 is driven by motor 44 which is attended to a motor mounting arm 45. The flexible end 41 of driving wire 40 is adapted to pierce the foll covering the drive shaft 23 of the rotor and to engage the ribs 24 of the rotor 18. The flexibility of the drive wire 40 allows for some mis-alignment and also reduces noise which would be caused by any mis-alignment. The flexibility also allows for motor 44 to be non-critically mounted.

The high speed motor 44 is caused to move In an are by a cam action from the main cam 36 of the brewing mechanism. The motor mounting arm 45 is also provided with a sensing arm 46 which senses the depth of the cartridge inserted into the brewing mechine at location 50 thereof. If the depth of the ledge at 50 is the correct depth for the beyenge to be produced from the capsule to require whipping, then the big 41 of the drive willer will be caused to penetrate the foll covering the rotor drive shaft 23 and to engage the ribs 24 thereof. Accordingly, the brewing machine will then cause the motor 44 to be switched on and whip the beverage by means of the rotation of flexible drive 41 being transmitted to the rotor 18.

If the capsule is not of the type which requires whipping, i.e. if sensor 48 does not sense the correct depth of ledge 50, then an override spring arm 51 will be depressed, but the driving device will not penetrate the top foil of the cartridge and the motor 44 will not be activated.

Referring to Figure 6, a second variant of an external drive mechanism is shown. The drive mechanisms comprises a driving dog 80 which is attached through ferrale 61 to a motor 62. The motor is loaded within a motor mount 63 by means of claws 64 and 65. The upper arm 66 of the motor mount 63 has a spherical shaped under surface (on shown) which allows the motor to rock in all directions and therefore allows the alignment of the driving dog in the rotor shaft, as more fully described below with reference to Figures 7 and 8.

The motor mount 63 is supported by a motor carriage 70 via the spherical under surface of the upper arm 66 of the motor mount, allowing the motor angular motion as discussed above.

The operation of the device to engage the driving dog 60 of the rotor described below with reference to Figure 8 is driven by a track in the main carn of a brew-

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ing mechanism as described with reference to European Patent No. 0334573 (not shown). This cam operates a peg 71 in a cam follower lever 72 which pivots on a support 73 of the side plate 74 of the brewing mechanism. The position of the cam (not shown) ensures that the capsule is correctly placed before the lever 72 is operated. The lever 72 is moved downwards and causes the motor carriage to move downwards via a spring 75 one end of which is located on peg 76 of the cam follower lever and one end of which is located on peg 77 on the motor carriage 70. The motor carriage 70 is provided with a feeler blade 78 which is adapted to sense if the capsule is of the type the beverage from which will require whipping. When the capsule is of the correct type the feeler locates at a lower position on the capsule than if it is not of the correct type which allows the driving dog to press onto and pierce the foil covering the rotor drive shaft. The motor is then switched on due to the sensing of the correct capsule and the electrical and software controi supplying power to the motor.

The movement of the motor carriage in the vertical direction is achieved by means of two guides positioned on the side plate 74 of the brewing mechanism. One guide 79 is shown which locates in a complementary slot 80 on the motor carriage. The other guide is not shown.

At the end of the brewing cycle, when the whiping of the beverage is complete, the cam follower lever 72 bears against the ledge 81 on the motor carriage thereby to ensure that the driving dog 60 is postively removed from the capsule by the action of the lever 72.

The driving dog 80 is shown on a larger scale in Figure 7. The driving dog has a pointed end 85 which is adapted to pierce the film which covers the aperture 90 of the rotor shown in Figure 8. The driving dog has a shaft 86 which is attached to the ferrule 61 shown in Figure 8. The pointed end 85 of the driving dog is attached via a section 87 of circular cross section to a flat section 88.

In operation, the driving dog pierces the film covering the aperture 90 of the rote 89 and enter the hollow drive shaft 91 of the rotor 89. The drive shaft 81 of the rotor 89 is provided with two opposing pairs of splines 92 and 93 which centre section 87 of the driving dog. The pair of splines 92 are higher than the opposing pair of splines 93. This arrangement ensures that as the driving dog 60 enters the shaft 91 of the rotor 89 it is rotated until the shaft 88 in aligned between, or to one side, of the two adjacent higher splines 92. This arrangement also prevents the fraittened section 88 from attempting to pass down the same side of the opposing splines, particularly if the driving dog is entering at an angie.

The rotor 89 as shown in Figure 8 is provided with a plurality of blades 95 which are connected to the central shaft 96 of the rotor and at their lower outer edges to an annutar ring 97 which also acts as a liquid bearing surface. Agap 98 is provided between the annutar ring 97 and the central shart 98 of the rotor which allows passage of liquid beneath the ring to assist in lubrication of the rotor as It bears against the bottom surface 3 of the cartridge.

The rotor 89 is also provided with a plurality of lugs 98, one of which is shown in Floure 8, which assist in retaining the rotor in the capsule during the manufacturing process by means of an interference fit within the hole 21 of the capsule into which the rotor fits (see Figure 3). Alternatively, the hole 21 may be provided with a shoulder (not shown) upon which the lugs 78 rest when the rotor is located in the hole during manufacture. The film of liquid between the bottom surface of the ring 97 and the surface 3 of the cartridge assists in pushing the rotor upwards within the hole 21 of the cartridge. In one embodiment where the hole 21 is provided with a shoulder on which lugs 98 rest, the upwards movement of the rotor prevents the lugs from rubbing on the shoulder and, as previously described, assists in cooling the under surface of the annular ring 97.

Claims

- 1. A cartridge containing one or more beverage ingredients and being formed from substantially at- and water-impermeable materials, the said cartridge comprising an inlet for the introduction of an aqueous medium into the cartridge, accompartment containing the beverage ingredient or ingredients an an outlet for the beverage produced from the beverage ingredients and whipping means provided in the path of the beverage prior to the outlet to whip the said beverage.
- A cartridge as claimed in claim 1 wherein the whipping means comprises an impeller adapted to engage an external driving device.
- A cartridge as claimed in claim 2 wherein the impeller comprises a rotor with a plurality of radial vanes.
- A cartridge as claimed in claim 3 wherein the rotor has a hollow drive shaft adapted for engagement with the external driving device.
- A cartridge as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein the whipping means is positioned in a chamber integrally formed within the cartridge.
- A cartridge as claimed in claim 5 wherein the chamber has a plurality of fixed vanes provided therein.

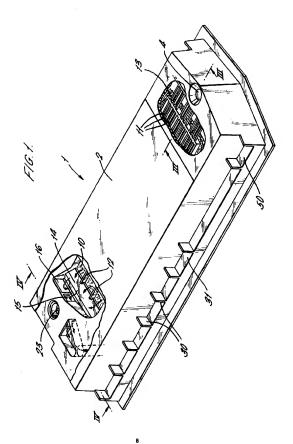
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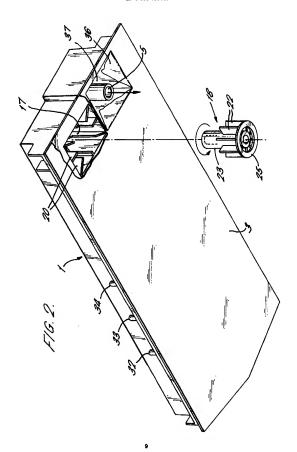
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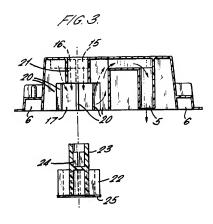
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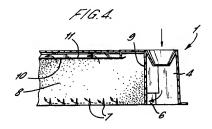
- A cartridge as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein the inlet and/or outlet is covered by a substantially air- and water-impermeable material prior to the formation, in use, of the inlet and/or outlet in the cartridge.
- 8. A cartridge as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein a channel communicates with the inlet for the entry of an aquecus medium into the package, the channel being separated from the compartment containing the beverage ingredient or ingredients by a wall which has a plurally of openings formed therein for the entry of the aqueous medium into the compartment containing the beverage preparation ingredients?
- A cartridge as claimed in claim 8 wherein the channel extends along at least one side of the compartment containing the beverage preparation ingredient(s).
- 10. A cartridge as claimed in claim 8 or claim 9 wherein the channel extends around three sides of the compartment containing the beverage preparation ingredient(s).
- A cartridge as claimed in any one of claims 8 to 10 wherein the openings comprise a plurality of elongate stots.
- 12. A cartridge as claimed in any one of the proceding claims wherein a filler is disposed between the compartment and at least a part of the under surface of the top of the cartridge, one or more passages being formed between the filter and the top of the cartridge, which passage(s) communicate(s) with the outlet.
- A cartridge as claimed in claim 12 wherein the filter is made from a water-impermeable material.
- 14. A cartridge as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein the beverage preparation ingredient is powdered chocolate or roast and ground coffee.
- 15. A cartridge as daimed in any one of the proceding daims which is provided with at least one recognition means whereby, in use, the cartridge is identified by the mechine into which it is piaced for treatment therefrom and the identification of the cartridge thereby causes it to be subjected to the correct treatment steps including the introduction of a squeous medium into the cartridge and the engagement of the whipping means by an external driving device incorporated into the machine.

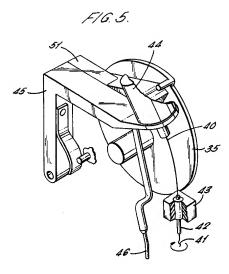
- 16. A cartridge as claimed in claim 15 wherein the recognition means comprises one or more surface features formed in the body of the cartridge.
- 41. A method for the production of a whipped beverage from cartridge containing one or more beverage ingredients, which method comprises introducing an aquecus medium into the cartridge, extracting constituents from the beverage ingredient(s) and/or dissolving the beverage ingredient(s) to form a beverage, whipping the beverage so produced and collecting the whipped beverage as it leaves the cartridge.
- A method as claimed in claim 17 wherein the beverage is whipped by means of an impeller,
 - A method as claimed in claim 17 or claim 18 wherein the whipping of the beverage incorporates air therein.
 - A method as claimed in claim 17 or claim 18 wherein carbon dioxide is introduced into the cartridge before the beverage is whipped.
- 21. A method as claimed in claim 17 or claim 18 wherein the aqueous medium is carbonated water and the whipping of the beverage reintroduces into the beverage any carbon dioxide lost from solution during the passage of the aqueous medium through the cartridge.
- A method as claimed in any one of claims 17 to
 wherein the beverage produced is whipped chocolate or espresso-type coffee,

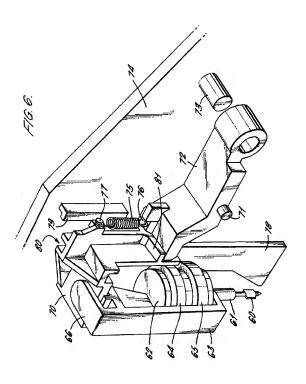


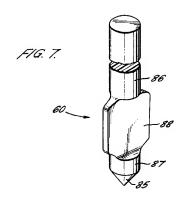


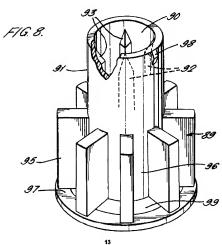














EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number EP 94 30 5730

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erceoth	of relevant passages		to claim	APPLICATION (Int.Cl.6)
A,D	EP-A-0 455 337 (KRAFT G	ENERAL FOODS)	1,7-12, 14-17,22	B65D81/34
	* the whole document *		14-17,22	
				TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.6)
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THE HAGUE		7 November 1994	Brie	dault, A
X: particularly relevant if taken alone Y: particularly relevant if taken alone Y: particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A: technological background O: non-written disclosure F: intermediate document		T: theory or principle underlying the invention E: earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filling the application D: document cited in the application L: document cited for other reasons		
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